

数列 (2) 和の記号 Σ

Σ の公式

$$\textcircled{1} \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \quad \textcircled{2} \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \quad \textcircled{3} \sum_{k=1}^n k^3 = \left\{ \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right\}^2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \sum_{k=1}^n c = nc$$

例題 1 次の和を求めよ。

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \sum_{k=4}^{15} k^2 &= \sum_{k=1}^{15} k^2 - \sum_{k=1}^3 k^2 \\ &= \frac{15 \cdot 16 \cdot 31}{8 \cdot 2} - (1+4+9) \\ &= 1240 - 14 \\ &= \underline{1226} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} (2) \sum_{k=1}^n 2^{k-1} &= \frac{2^n - 1}{2 - 1} \\ &= \underline{2^n - 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \sum_{k=1}^n (3k^2 - 7k + 4) &= 3 \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} - 7 \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + 4n \\ &= \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1) - 7n(n+1) + 8n}{2} \\ &= \frac{n \{ (n+1)(2n+1) - 7(n+1) + 8 \}}{2} \\ &= \frac{n(2n^2 - 4n + 2)}{2} \\ &= \underline{n(n^2 - 2n + 1) = n(n-1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (4) 1^2 \cdot 2 + 2^2 \cdot 3 + 3^2 \cdot 4 + \dots + n^2(n+1) &= \sum_{k=1}^n k^2(k+1) = \sum_{k=1}^n (k^3 + k^2) \\ &= \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} + \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \\ &= \frac{3n^2(n+1)^2 + 2n(n+1)(2n+1)}{12} \\ &= \frac{n(n+1) \{ 3n(n+1) + 2(2n+1) \}}{12} \\ &= \frac{n(n+1)(3n^2 + 7n + 2)}{12} = \boxed{\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)(3n+1)}{12}} \end{aligned}$$

1 次の和を求めよ。

$$(1) \sum_{k=1}^n (3^k + 2) = \frac{3(3^n - 1)}{3 - 1} + 2n = \boxed{\frac{3^{n+1} - 3 + 4n}{2}}$$

$$(2) \sum_{k=1}^n (5k^2 - 4k + 2)$$

$$= 5 \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} - 4 \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + 2n$$

$$= \frac{5n(n+1)(2n+1) - 12n(n+1) + 12n}{6}$$

$$= \frac{n \{ 5(2n^2 + 3n + 1) - 12(n+1) + 12 \}}{6}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{n(10n^2 + 3n + 5)}{6}}$$

$$(3) (1+1^3) + (2+2^3) + (3+3^3) + \dots + (n+n^3)$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n (k+k^3)$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{2n(n+1) + n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1) \{ 2 + n(n+1) \}}{4} = \boxed{\frac{n(n+1)(n^2 + n + 2)}{4}}$$

2 次の数列の第 k 項を求めよ。また、初項から第 n 項までの和を求めよ。

1, 1+2, 1+2+3, ..., $\boxed{1+2+3+\dots+n}$, ...

$$(\text{第 } n \text{ 項}) = \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

よって 第 k 項は $\boxed{\frac{k(k+1)}{2}}$

$$S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k(k+1)}{2}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{2}k^2 + \frac{1}{2}k \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1) + 3n(n+1)}{12}$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1+3)}{12}$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1)(2n+4)}{12}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{6}}$$